Prosecutions Increasing, District Attorney Reports

(Editor's note: This is the first in a three-part series on local activities of the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office.)

During a recent 12-month period, the Torrance branch office of the district attorney, Room 190, Torrance South Bay County Building, 825 Maple Ave., considered 5,964 misdemeanors, and 4. 726 felonies, a 29.4 per cent increasing, according to Dis-

trict Attorney Evelle J.
Younger and Moses E. Howard, chief deputy.
The local office serves
Torrance, Redondo Beach,
Hermosa Beach, Manhattan
Beach, Gardena, Palos Verdes Estates Lawndels Roll. des Estates, Lawndale, Roll-ing Hills, Rolling Hills Estates, Lomita, Lennox, and adjacent unincorporated

There are 16 deputy dis trict attorneys, 10 cierical personnel, and 3 investigators serving four Municipal Court divisions and seven Superior Cour departments.

IN 1967, the office was moved to the new court-house in Torrance and the South Bay area office, lo-cated in Redondo Beach, was closed. At the same time a new area office was opened in Inglewood. Younger noted that during

the same period, 32,954 applications for felony complaints were considered at branch and area offices, in-cluding the local office. This was 56 per cent of the total handled by the district at-

torney.

Branch and area office felony volume increased 22 per cent over the preceding period, he revealed in the department's recently pub-listed annual progress re-

IN THE introduction to the report, Younger noted that "the district attorney is charged with the responsibility for the prosecution of all felonies that occur within

the county."
"He has also the duty to prosecute all misdemeanors in the unincorporated areas of the county and in cities that have no city prose-cutor."

Younger indicated that 1967 was "another year of expansion . . . caused by increased felony and misdemeanor filings"

meanor filings."

Some of the highlights cited by Younger include the "on call" witness plan designed to reduce the inconvenience and loss of time suffered by citizens who are required to attend criminal proceedings as witnesses; a self-inspection program to modernize the county department; and the addition a research consultant "to better analyze existing policies and procedures."

HE ALSO cited community relations programs, includ-ing the District Attorney's Advisory Council and the Young Citizens Council. Younger said that since publication of the report, the

district attorney office has been reorganized and that bureaus have been

established.
The bureaus include central operations, consisting of preliminary, complaint and trials divisions and the juvenile section; branch and area offices with jurisdiction over various branch offices; and special operations, which includes appellate, major fraud and child support divisions, research and training extradition, medicolegal and psychiatric sections and the County Grand Jury advisor.

organization of the district attorney's office prior to July 1, when the bureaus were instituted.

SOME OF the activities noted by Younger in the re-

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Triels-Prior to the reor ganization, there were four sections, dealing with trials, extradition, psychiatric and medicolegal

The trials section is re-sponsible for the processing of all felony criminal mat-ters in the Central District of Los Angeles County Superior Court, except those prosecuted by the major frauds and special investigations division.

The extradition section specializes in the extradition of fugitives from any juris-

diction in the world outside of California. The primary duty is to maintain a system which will enable the district attorney to effect the return

THE PSYCHIATRIC section represents the people's of fugitives from justice to interest in cases involving this county for trial,
Younger explained that
there is no common law of civil insanity, mentally dis-ordered sex offenders, alsoholics, habit-forming drugs extradition and that the rules are derived from conand narcotics commitments to the California Narcotic stitutional and statutory Rehabilitation Center. sources, and from agreement

between the U.S. and other jury trials arising out of a a 28 per cent increase last tain their information from countries.

atric court.
The medicolegal section identifies, investigates and prosecutes crimes having difficult or complex medical-legal problems.

Complaint, city preliminary division — The complaint section is responsible for the filing of all felony sources, and from agreement between states and treaties Additionally, the section complaints arising in the between states and treaties

Younger explained that the "rise in crime has understandably increased the flow of police officers seeking complaints."

The priors unit has the job of searching records of all defendants and some-times witnesses to see if they have any prior felony

convictions.

Members of this unit ob-

Bureau of Criminal Identifi-

DEPUTIES from this division also provided for Juvenile Court proceedings. The basic purpose of this is to assist the court by pre-senting the evidence in sup-

port of petitions filed by the Probation Department.

The district attorney ap-

pears at his discretion and with the consent of the Juve-nile Court judge or referee. The DA functions essentially

as in any adult court trial. Primary function of t preliminary section is the processing of felony cases arising in the Central Dis-trict through arraignment and preliminary hearing and the preparation and filing of information in Superior

This also involves presenting evidence and represent-ing the people at hearings on defendants' motions for reduction of bail, motions to dismiss based on unreasonable delay in prosecuting.

(Next week-Child support, major frauds, appel-late, bureau of investiga-tion, research and train-

COMPTON AT OLEANDER

415 W. COMPTON



1327 EL PRADO

BETWEEN CRAVENS & SARTORI