

## Spring Classes Slated

Adult education courses of-Adult education courses of-fered by the Torrance Eve-ning High School will begin class meetings the week of Feb. 3 for the spring semes-ter, according to Raymond F. Collins, principal of the adult school. Collins said several changes in the scheduling of classes would be made for the spring term. Some 80 classes will be offered in subjects ranging

would be made for the spring term. Some 80 classes will be offered in subjects ranging from electronics to English. Changes for the new term involve the following courses: Electronics: To be offered at North High from 7 to 9:30 p.m. each Wednesday. The course originally was sched-uled on Tuesdays and Thurs-days at South High. Speed Reading: To be of-fered each Monday for nine weeks from 7 to 9:30 p.m. at South High. The class was er-ronously listed as speed writ-ing in the adult education schedule of classes. Public Speaking: Will be given each Wednesday from 7 to 9:30 p.m. at North High in room 103. Reading and Writing for the Beginner: The course has been cancelled. Mathematics for the Shopi The course has been cancel-led and will be replaced with General Math, to be given at Torrance High tach Monday and Wednesday from 7 to 9:30 p.m. in room 206. Personality Development: Will be taught at Torrance High instead of South High as scheduled. Advanced Bookkeeping: To

been cancelled

been cancelled. Advanced Bookkeeping: To be offered from 7 to 9:30 p.m. each Monday and Wednesday in Room 106 at Torrance High. The class was not taught during the fall semester.

not taught during the fall semester. English—Survey of Litera-ture: To be taught at Tor-rance High each Monday and Wednesday from 7 to 9:30 p.m., beginning Feb. 1. The course was not offered dur-ing the fall term. Complete listings of the courses may be secured from the Adult School office at Torrance High. Counseling for new students is now available. Appointments can be made by calling FA 8-3080, ext. 295, or FA 8-9206.

Law in Action

In a recent case Suzie Mil-ler was looking for some cheap transportation. At the used car lot she found a used car for \$200. She liked the color and the clean uphol-

car ior \$200. She liked the color and the clean uphol-stery. She knew little about a car's mechanical condition, so she took it to a friend who was a mechanic. After look-ing it over, he said that the car was about as good as one could expect for the money, but the brakes needed adjust-ment badly. THE DEALER said he would fix the brakes. Actual-ly he did not, Suzie signed a contract saying she took the car "as is," and that the deal-er was not bound by any-thing the salesman had said. On her first ride, the brakes failed. Suzie crashed into a tree, hurting herself badly. She sued the car dealer and the court held him liable, re-gardless of the wording of his contract with Suzie. The dealer must make a reasonable check of the car, the court said He cannot self

reasonable check of the car, the court said. He cannot sell a car knowing that it is not safe, especially since Suzie had told him about the

nad told him about the brakes. THE VEHICLE Code also states that no dealer shall sell a car without first test-ing its lights and brakes. He should make reasonably sure that they meet the terms of

that they meet the terms or the law. The dealer has to make a "reasonable" inspection. He need not guarantee all the car's parts, nor need to take it apart to check them. Private persons selling cars also owe a duty to their buy-ers. The law forbids them from knowingly selling an un-

from knowingly selling an un-safe car, but they do not not have the same duty to inspect that dealers have. Note: California lawyers offer this column so you may know more about our laws.