THE TORRANCE HERALD 40

MAY 16, 1963

Science Dean Named for New College
 Dr. Robert B. Fischer has been named associate dean in charge of the science curriculum for South Bay State College incluster in journals of the gammer associate dean in the planning staff of the college. Inclusios, and his doc leges in the submit of the construction of laboratories at the Universities of physics, chemistry, biology, and engineering.
 Beis a member of the South Say Official Institute of Technology.
 He is the author of two text.

Proposed College Meetings

Prominent Problem Solver Ann Landers Gets New Job

Ann Landers, the Torrance is the nation's leading human ed out that tuberculosis costs HERALD'S own problem solver, relations columnist (and whose this country 700 million dol-

newspapers in addition to The HERALD) was made Sunday at

lars every year. column is published in 556

"THE DEDICATED efforts

HERALD) was made Sunday at the association's annual meet-ing in Denver. Assn., doctors, and community and social agencies have given

and social agencies have given us the means to control this disease." Miss Landers said, "Most people view tuberculosis as as medical problem, a community problem, or a fund raising problem, or a fund raising problem. As my mail testifies, it also is a creator of devastat-ing mental, moral, emotional, and marital problems." Citing problems created by family separation, hardship, and death resulting from tu-berculosis, Miss Landers point-

Titles are also the prime status symbol. You run into

and position. For example, a lawyer is not referred to as Mr. Ericsson, but as "Lawyer" Ericsson, Therefore, when you speak to someone you do not know very well — Swedes are often rather difficult to know — you say "how does the lawyer or the teacher or bank direc-for" or some other title

tor" or some other title "think the weather will be

Some titles can be difficult

to handle. Try replacing "assistant to the district po-lice superintendent for

"you" in a normal conversa

fine tomorrow." * * * * FUL WORK

TALK OF THE WORLD

STOCKHOLM—Twenty per cent of the Swedish popula-tion are either Andersson, Johansson, Karlsson or Niel-sson. Last names ending in "son" the by far the most common of their titles. This means that Mr. Andersson "artist" comes before Mr. Andersson "boxer" and Mr. Andersson "member of parliament." common. status symbol. You run into titles on visiting cards, name-plates, letters and in every-day conversation, People are referred to by their title which are dependent, upon their occupation, education and position.

"son" the by far the most common. The predominancy of the "son" suffix is rooted in the customs that prevailed before the industrial revolution. A son was known as his father's son. Consequently, a son of Anders received the last name of Andersson. Increasingly during the 20th Century, when one of Anders' sons has moved to a city and started to ascend the social ladder, he was anxious to gain a more individual identity by changing his last name. To change his last name. To change his last name, a Swede must first choose a name and then make a formal application to a gov-ernment office in Stockholm. The rules and regulations for name changing prohibit citizens from taking a name that is already in use, that sounds foreign, that is too similar to a noble name or that an advistory board of linguists considers offensive or overly strange. Faced by these limitations Mr. Anders-son's new name is apt to sound rather phony to Swed-ish ears. Swedes are extremely name

ish ears.

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The situation present sev-ral problems. First you must know the title of the person with whom you are talking and then run it into your sen-tences everywhere you would normally say "you." If un-certain of the person's title, you have to use another ap-proach. Instead of asking, "Do you think the train will be on time?" you say, "One won-ders whether the train will be on time." sound rather phony to Swed-ish ears. Swedes are extremely name conscious. They can distin-guish between the names of the small group of nobility and the bourgeois with gener-ations of relative prominence and the others. Hence, when Mr. Andersson makes his change he gains more individ-ual identity, but his acquain-tances also realize he is try-ing to hide his background. Mr. Gunnar Telhage, for-merly Andersson, explains his name change as follows: "There were 120 Anderssons in the firm in which I work. We were also eight Gunnar Anderssons. This led to con-siderable confusion. My life is richer since I changed my last name." The redominancy of last

last name.

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Mrs. Wright's

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tion. The problems caused by titles was recently illustrated-in a radio interview. A re-tired ambassador was being interviewed on his farm. The reporter asked: "The Ambassador is going to have beef cows rather than milking cows. Does the Am-bassador hope this will turn out well?" Army Pvt. Wayne B. Wright, son of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Wright, 18328 Roslin Ave., re-cently completed a five-week helicopter maintenance course

last name." The predominancy of last names ending in "son" is one of the reasons why Swedes have a passion and obsession for titles. In the telephone di-trectory, people with the same last names are listed accord-ing to the alphabetical order Army Pvt. Wayne B. Wright, Wright, 18328 Roslin Ave., re-cently completed a five-week helicopter maintenance course at the Aviation Center, Fort Rucker, Ala. The 19-year-old soldier is a 1962 graduate of North High



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