KING WILLIAMS - GLENN W. PFEIL REID L. BUNDY - Managing Editor

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#### Foreign Trade Important

Nothing takes the place of personal contact. This is as true in this area of TV satelites as it was in the pioneer days of the Indian council fires. In business, industry, in government the practice of face to face meetings to solve mutual problems and develop understanding is being relied upon to an ever greater extent.

A case in point is the current program of the steamship lines of the United States. Through a unique program their officials have visited cities in the heartland of the country, far removed from shipping points, to cite statistics of how much their own states are dependent upon foreign trade. We who are so close at hand to major shipping centers,

have developed an appreciation for the importance of foreign trade to our economy here in Torrance and throughout the harbor area generally. We have witnessed the loading and unloading of exotic cargoes bound for or arriving from romantic places and we see foreign trade in action.

Leaders in every community visited by steamship lines in the current campaign are being urged to back President Kennedy's trade expansion program. A measure of the significance of trade to typical American communities may be found in figures chosen at random that show one third of all Kansas and Missouri workers rely on foreign trade for their jobs. One out of every five dollars earned in Arizona, Colorado, Montana, Wyoming and New Mexico results from export-import trade. In Ohio one out of every nine persons earns his living from foreign trade.

The steamship lines have spent millions in promoting foreign trade. Many Americans do not realize how much their own jobs depend on how successful this program proves to be in the future.

#### California Growth

Where are they going to live? Where are they going to work? Where are they going to school?

These are some of the problems vexing California leaders in 1963 as they begin to take account of what it means to be the first state in the Union, populationaly speaking at least.

With characteristic enthusiasm, Governor Brown jumped the gun a bit, if census statisticians are correct, and declared a holiday for state employes on Jan. 31, 1962. This was in contrast to the faint praise accorded the event by school officials and other civic leaders who long ago learned that all aspects of great growth are not without some unredeeming features.

Growth does create problems. But fortunately, very substantial segments of the state's business community are doing something more than growl about it. Noteworthy are the privately owned, tax-producing public utilities such as the telephone companies, the gas and electric companies and many privately owned water companies.

Many of the new residents bring something with them to California, such as skills and capital. They have the potential of being wonderful additions to community life. Far too many, however, are looking to California as a promised land of plenty where the living is easy. Only the bureaucrats can rejoice at the expansion of their business through anticipated increases in the case load.

Admittedly, growth is not always a blessing as many old residents here in Torrance can tell you. It takes a lot of planning and a lot of doing to make it pay off. Fortunately, we think, California has done it before and will do it again. The economy of the state seems to have pretty well kept apace with the population growth in the past and it is not too far fetched to expect it to do as well in the future.

#### **Opinions of Others**

TERRE HAUTE, IND., TRIBUNE: "An English doctor says more girls are born to families that live better. But he's not talking about virtue, ladies, he's talking about the nutritional level."

VALE, ORE., ENTERPRISE: "There really isn't much doubt left in anyone's mind that we are becoming one of the laziest nations on earth. . . . We have better cars and use them for any trip of over a hundred yards. Golfers don't walk any more, they ride around the course in a golf cart. . . . But now we have stumbled across a new and even gadget. Browsing through our favorite out-of-town paper the other day (the Wall Street Journal) we came across a little paragraph that says a Denver firm has now come up with a battery powered push button spinning reel."



'My bridge club meets in twenty minutes . . . they're helping me finish my game in a hurry!



ROYCE BRIER

## The New Twilight Zone In Outer Space Quests

heard of smog, and now California is in an uproar about it, and the word moved east to great industrial aggregations like New York and Lon-

That's what 10 years does, and here is another decade coming up, and we need a new word, maybe SMION all these rockets we are firing are going to foul the ionisphere and give us a bad

This is the theory of the Geophysics Corporation of America, a Massachusetts research outfit which has pre-pared a survey for the gov-ernment space boys.

The danger is not so much from the present generation of rocket boosters, which are comparatively modest in fuel exhaut output, but from the next generation like Saturn

Strength for These Days (From The Bible)

Guide me in thy truth, and teach me. —(Psalms 25:5).

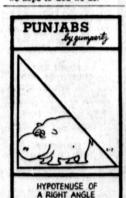
God is with us in every decision we make; His wisdom is there to guide and direct us if we bust seek it through

Let patience have its per-fect work. —(Jas. 1:4). We should exercise patience in everything we do, particularly in our relations with others. Patience should be the constant benchmark of our attitude toward those with whom we work or associate. whom we work or associate

#### Quote

JAMES E. POWERS, American Legion national com-mander while in San Mateo—

"The American Legion is an organization that thrives on troubled times. But we would like to go out of business and we hope to God we do.



Ten years ago you hardly and Nova, which are whop- hundred tons of foreign mat-

Offhand you would say a few hundred rockets, or even thousands, couldn't affect the vast ocean of thin air sur-rounding the globe.

But the survey says relatively little foreign matter, as distinguished from naturally occurring matter, can work a profound change in the ionosphere up 60 miles or more.

Rocket boosters have a by-product of water vapor, hy-drogen and carbon monoxide, drogen and carbon monoxide, occuring rarely in the upper atmosphere. Hydrogen tends to reduce the molecular density of the ionosphere, and to affect the rate of change of sunlight absorption and formation of infrared layers.

Geophysics says 25,000 tons will alter the structure and temperature of the entire up-per reaches, yet Nova alone is expected to eject several

James Dorais

A few hundred shots the night sky may have a per-petual glow, like a faint aur-ora. Geophysics doesn't say what this will do to lovers, who have been used to the on these many milleniums.

Anyway, you see we are making headway in global auto-toxication, and we can put this alongside our spacegerms worry. You recall we are fixing to sterilize our planatary probes, lest we inadvertently give the Martians, for instance, the common cold.

But here is Professor S. W. Golomb of Caltech, who has a reverse worry. He wonders what happens if we pick up low-life viruses on Mars and bring them to earth in return-ing vehicles. They might rub us out, is what.

So, with an eerie glow in the night, and unimaginable viruses chewing on us, we march bravely to our fate.

But the publishers in Brussels were unimpressed (understandably, since Lumumba was hardly a famous figure at the time), and possibly a trifle uneasy besides. The Publisher's Note, reprinted from the French-language edition, states that Lumumba "had the intention, which we recoursed in order to en-

A Bookman's Notebook-

## Lumumba Book Very Tolerant of Belgians

William Hogan

News reports described him as semiliterate. All the same, four or five years before his violent death at 36 in early 1961, Patrice Lumumba had managed to write a book. Here, belatedly, it is, trans lated from its original French as "Congo, My Country."

More than anything else, it is an "if only" book. If only the Belgian publishers had brought it out when they first received the manuscript first received the manuscript in January, 1957; if only Belgium's Congo administration had heeded its contents; if only, for that matter, Lumumba had been a less unstable young man, and had been committed, in print, to what he had written — would the new Congo nation have had such a violent birth?

such a violent birth?

What makes speculation so tempting is Lumumba's tone, unexpectedly temperate for a man whose exasperating arrogance later became a trademark. "My intention," he said, "it not to teach our rulers, or show them the way to go — that would be presumptious — but to enlighten them on the mysteries of the African soul."

Sometimes he bends, over

Sometimes he bends over backwards to convince the Belgians that he could see their side. "To whom do we owe (our) fortunate situation? To the Belgians. Any genuinely humane and reasonable man must show gratitude and respect for the immense work achieved in (the Congo) at a cost of incalculable material and human sacrifice." and human sacrifice.'

"had the intention, which we encouraged in order to ensure that the book would not be banned, of persuading some leading personality to write a preface." Apparently he never followed through.

he never followed through.

Now, posthumously, he has acquired such a "personality." Commonwealth Correspondent for the London Observer Colin Legum, who knew Lumumba himself, has contributed a sympathetic but unsentimental foreword.

Legum, disdaining the "if only" approach, reports what actually did happen afterward in the Congo's bloody clashes

of two years ago, when Lu-mumba was murdered. In Legum's epitaph, "He saw enemies everywhere. In the end they destroyed him."

It was a long way by then

from the days when Lumumba had written: "I wish to see a better and more prosperous Congo in a union of hearts and minds with Belgium."

Congo, My Country, By Patrice Lumumbs. Pracett., 193 pp. 33.35.

Around the World With

# **DELAPLANE**

"Can you tell us if it's possible to drive the Pan American Highway through to Panama yet?"

When I was in Panama a few months ago, cars from the U. S. were coming through. Said the road was goodthe Costa Rica-Panama section was just completed. Food and places to stay considered adequate enroute. I would still ask the AAA for the late reports during the summer rainy season though. OK in the dry winter.

"Recently I read of a 'must' to see in Frankfurt, Germany. A restaurant in a cave or something but have forgotten the name . .

That would be the famous Bruckenkeller (with a couple of dots over the "u" which we don't have on this machine.) Good food. Good music. In a deep cellar with carved wine barrels for the decoration. Order the venison with cranberries. And let the waiter pick you a white Moselle wine

\* "We are planning a month's vacation in Europe this summer. What, in your opinion are some basic, practical

Have a firm reservation in all major cities. You don't have to be so sure out in the country but get the hotel you are in to help you make a reservation in the next before you give up the room.

Move around as little as you can. These planned "3 days in Paris followed by 2 days in Rome" tours are exhausting. And you spend all your time in airports, Customs, immigration or on the way back and forth.

Take half the clothes you think you need now. (And, as someone suggested, twice the money.)

'Any suggestions on reading that will help us enjoy our trip to Mexico . . ."

There's a very good all-Mexico shopping guide called "In Mexico, Where to Look, How to Buy Mexican Popular Arts and Crafts." By James Norman, published by Morrow.

In Mexico City, buy the paperback John Wilhelm's "Guide to Mexico City." It's excellent.

In 1840, the wife of the Spanish ambassador wrote a lively account that reads well today. In the paperback edition in Mexico City bookstores. "Life in Mexico" by Mme. Calderon de la Barca.

Anybody who likes Mexico (or just great war reporting) should read the eye-witness account of the Conquest
—"The True History of the Conquest of Mexico" by Bernal Diaz del Castillo. It's like seeing it happen.

And if you want to know about this Spanish soldierwriter, there's the book just published: "Bernal Diaz, Historian of the Conquest" by Herbert Cerwin. This is the way it was in the golden days.

"What to buy for friends we are visiting in Auckland, New Zealand, this spring?"

You could buy them a drink-they close the bars at 6 p.m. Seriously, I guess an LP record of a late Broadway show is the thing. Under some licensing system, these countries don't seem to get recordings until the show plays there. Which is usually a year or so after the Broadway opening.

"You mentioned the set of Irish coins in mint condition at very little cost. Where do you get them?"

Write Shannon Free Airport, Ireland. They did have them-couple of dollars or so as I remember. They might have them and not list them in the folder.

Stan Delaplane finds it impossible to answer all of his travel mail.

For his intimate tips on Japan, Italy, England, France, Russia, Hawaii, Mexico, Ireland, and Spain (10 cents each), send coins and stamped, self-addressed, large envelope to the Torrance HERALD, Box RR, Torrance,

#### **Morning Report:**

The President must be mightly discouraged these days the way everybody is picking on his plan to cut income taxes. Listening to the screams, you'd think he was trying to raise taxes instead of lowering them.

I think the trouble is that the whole proposal is too complicated. Nobody but a certified public accountant can be sure where the new stab will come.

Maybe he'd be better off if he started with a plan to

cut down the length of the income tax form. It might not save us money, but it surely would cut down on wear and tear on the taxpayer .

Abe Mellinkoff

## Threat to Extended Power Of PUC is Considered

By JAMES DORAIS. Second in a series on Cali-ornia's natural gas indus-

Governor Brown's Natural Gas Task Force, in its recent report to the Governor, has recommended consideration of state legislation, to broaden the regulatory powers of the the regulatory powers of the State Public Utilities Com-mission with respect to Cali-fornia's burgeoning gas in-

No specific legislative measures are outlined. However, the voluminous report refers to two possible avenues of in-crease in the Commission's

(1) Legislation to estab-lish regulation that would prevent a nonpublic utility gas corporation from in-vading a certified public utility service area and dis-rupting gas sales." Senate Bill 1268, which provided for such regulation, was in-troduced in the 1961 Legis-lature and assigned to an lature and assigned to an interim committee for

study. Result of Controversy

This legislative proposal stemmed from controversy over a contract, opposed by the PUC but upheld by the State Supreme Court, between Southern California Gas Co. and a gas producer for the purchase of gas for use as boiled fuel in a plant generat-ing electricity. The report

comments:

"The direct sale of natural gas by a producer of

a gas utility to an existing customer of a gas utility results in a loss of sales volume to the utility. . . . Such a direct sale, which bypasses the locally certi-ficated utility, also deprives the domestic, commercial and industrial utility cus-tomers of a firm gas supply

and industrial utility cus-tomers of a firm gas supply and otherwise would aid in meeting the peak heating loads in the wintertime when Edison would other-wise normally burn fuel oil under its boilers."

(2) Legislation to empower the Public Utilities Commis-sion to regulate the price at the wellhead of gas produced in California. Presently, the PUC regulates only the utili-ties that sell natural gas to consumers.

Production Competitive

Production Competitive
In hearings a year ago, the
PUC staff favored this extension of the Commission's
powers, but all elements of
the gas industry, the presently regulated distribution companies as well as producers,
opposed wellhead price regulation on the grounds that gas
production is competitive
rather than monopolistic
(there are 1,200 oil and gas
producers in California), that
it would tend to reduce available gas supplies, and that the
experience of the Federal
Power Commission, which
regulates the price of gas
sold in interstate commerce,
has been far from satisfactory.

In the latter connection, in-

the backlog of FPC cases, and quoted the FPC's admission that if its present staff were tripled in size, "it would require 82½ years before the Commission could dispose of the backlog on a traditional public utility basis."

Additionally, spokesmen for the regulated gas utilities argued that regulation of California producer sales of gas to the utilities would encourage producers to

of gas to the utilities would encourage producers to seek direct outlets for their gas to large industrial cus-tomers — thus avoiding creasing the cost of gas to domestic and other con-. . .

(Next: How reasonable are gas prices?)

In the latter connection, in-dustry spokesmen pointed to subscription s 12.00 a year Circulation of fice PA & 14000.