

Your Right to Know

Is the Key to All Your Liberties

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1960

THOUGHT FOR TODAY - The taxation which is intended to promote equality, the taxation which exceeds the real public need, and, above all, the tax which is so graduated as to prevent the accumulation of private capital, is inconsistent with freedom.-C. Northcote Parkinson

The Law and the Sabbath

The Torrance city council this week, over the protests of two of its six members present, voted to give serious consideration to an appeal that it order the closing of all barber shops in the city on Sunday for "health" reasons.

It was contended before the council by petitioning barbers who were bringing their battle against Sunday shops to the city, that the state had no inspectors in the field on Sunday, therefore the citizens are endangered by the uninspected shops.

After refusing to table the request for an ordinance outlawing operation of barber shops on Sunday, the council majority asked for a legal opinion on the constitutionality of such an ordinance, and a determination of the health hazards.

While we don't propose to have an answer on either of these matters, we do think the first question is of no importance, and the second one is for the state inspectors to be concerned with - not the city. If specific health hazards are known, or strongly suspected, the state should be notified.

The HERALD doubts that point at issue is health, however. The point is the majority of the 5-day barber shop operators are trying to even up the competition a little by forcing the Sunday closing of the other barbers.

If the council assumes the power to close down all barber shops on Sunday, through the same thin reasoning -health-it could close down all restaurants, cafes, dairies, and any other business or profession subject to health inspection

The fact that neighboring cities have adopted such ordinances at the insistence of some barbers is not sufficient reason to bring about adoption of such an ordinance here.

A quiet Sabbath is enjoyed by many, and might be nice if enjoyed by all—but it is not within the province of the city council to establish it by decree. Several other cities and states have tried and failed, and for the city council to try, by reaching out for the "health" issue, is an assumption of authority which it should not have over the private lives of its citizens.

Opinions of Others

"Senator, are you certain that you are quite ready for the country or that the country is ready for you in the role of President in January, 1961? I am greatly concerned and troubled about the situation we are up against in the world now and in the immediate future. That is why I would hope that someone with the greatest possible maturity and experience would be available at this time." Harry Truman, quoted in New York Herald Tribune, July 3, 1960.

CANTON, GA., TRIBUNE: "American tourists who go abroad and sneer at local custom or deride conditions that do not compare favorably with those in the United States may lose this country much of the goodwill that it is winning through its programs of assistance . . . big shots who think themselves superior to everybody else and therefore entitled to preferential treatment everywhere. These objectionable individuals make difficulties for wellmannered and courteous travelers and reflect upon the community of their origin."

TOPEKA, KANS., INDEPENDENT: "J. Edgar Hoover, whose experiences with law enforcement and with criminals in every category, rates him as top man in the nation in that capacity—and also perhaps as top man in the Universe, says that the United States should go slow in frowning on capital punishment. There are elements in every nation that demand supreme sterrness and the crimes that demand capital punishment is one."





From the Mailbox

By Our Readers ing their education. Our only source of funds is the voters' privilege to provide or deny. Since we have been oper-ating schools at \$50 per pupil below the county average for milled districts for the past

Editor, Torrance Herald A vote for the future of all of our children is involved in

of our children is involved in the Oct. 11 election. Fifty thousand of Tor-rance's 100,000 people are in two categories. They are either under 10 years of age or in their 30s. The latest Federal census accounts for half the population of Tor-rance with 21,000 adults 30 and 39 and 29,000 children 9 years old or younger. unified districts for the past 10 years, we believe we de-serve your support Oct. 11. J. G. ARNOLD Past President

and 39 and 29,000 children 9 years old or younger. This dramatic population distribution explains not only today's school financing prob-

lem but gives plenty to think about in the future. This is a problem the board can't do much about. The kids are here, and more are coming, and your board of education is entrusted with the responsibility of financ-

SHORT TAKES

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dential elections

EDITOR E. L. HOLMUND, Argyle, Minn., Marshall County Banner — We have heard comment about the "softness" of American youth. If such a condition exists, what is the cause? Could it be the result of the state assuming greater and and greater control over the individual—his schooling, his San Diego

work, his income, his savings, his death and his estate — in other words, cradle to grave supervision?

When is a fixture fixed? In

short, who owns it? As a rule, unles yosu have contract to the contrary,

your improvements of some your improvements of some one else's property belong to him. You can't take them, es-pecially where to do so would damage his property.

EDITOR WILLIAM B. WEIST, Shamokin, Pa., Citi-zen--In a world which seems to have gone slightly mad, is it too much to ask for sanity in such an important election campaign—for the true state-ment of issues backed by the facts and logic? Or are we to make our choices as a people aided only by the party slo-gans and shibboleths which have dominated other presithey become part of the property: They become fixed; they are "fixtures." So a heavy pump anchored in conreavy pump anchored in cons a crete or a furnace becomes a fixture; but not an easily re-movable wall bed, gas range, gans and shibboleths which have dominated other presi-

or refrigerator.

Feds Can Pass Debts On To Future, State Can't

By CHARLES E. CHAPEL Assemblyman, 46th District For about 30 years, the United States government has relied upon deficit financing, which is obvious from the relied upon deficit financing, which is obvious from the fact that we have had a large national debt which is con-tinued from year to year whether Republicans or Dem-ocrats have been in power. This means that the United States does not pay as it goes, but shoves the debt of one generation on down to the next generation. Fortunately, this gigantic fiscal bubble has not burst, but it is not a healthy situation.

On the contrary, the State of California and other states of the Union cannot use deficit financing Unlike the federal govenment, the States cannot print cheap paper dollars but must raise their own money to pay their bills. In State financing we must pay for what we get must pay for what we get and pay now. The only exception is the issuance of bonds, such as those which must be issued if the California Water Plan is enacted by the voters at the coming November election

The people of California in-creasingly look to the State to perform new services for them, many of which were formerly carried out by city and county governments. These new services mean lar-ger State expenditures. Since California cannot resort to deficit financing, the guestion deficit financing, the question always arises: "Where is the money coming from to per-form these new services?"

The California State Legislature has direct budgetary control over somewhat less control over somewhat less than 33 per cent of the total State expenditures. Slightly more than 67 per cent of the total State' expenditures are

made through ear-marked funds. Some of these are the result of amendments to the mental institutions do not mental institutions do not enjoy a preferred position, hence they must compete each year with all other State departments and agencies which do not have ear-marked California State Constitution. voted into the Constitution as "propositions" on the bal-lot. Other ear-marked funds funds. were created by the Legisla-ture in years gone by as a result of the demand of the The logical remedy is not to establish ear-marked funds for correctional and mental

people. From the practical viewpoint the people's money should be spent by the peo-ple's elected representatives, which means the Legislature. Under the present situation in California, with more than 67 per cent of the State ear-marked for special purposes, the Legislature does not have enough budget flexibility to adequately mant the near adequately meet the new problems which are constant-ly arising.

Highway-user taxes, which include the taxes on gasoline, diesel fuel, and other items, cannot be touched by the Legislature. This gives the State Division of Highways and the State Highway Com-mission an automatic appro-priation. It is a result of a cry raised years ago that we should take the highways out of politics.

of politics. of politics. In some ways, this is good, but in the case of the San Diego Freeway, neither State Senator Richard Richards nor I can tell the State Division of Highways or the State Highway Commission what to do with their money. We were both members of the Joint Committee on Transportation Problems which set up the Master Plan for Freeways and Highways, now a law, but we cannot control the detailed routing of freeways and highways or the allocation of

money. Funds for education and social welfare are fixed ap-propriations on a continuing basis, but correctional and

institutions, but to place all appropriations in the control of the Legislature. This re-quires amending the Consti-tution and repealing some old laws. I admit the importance of education, social welfare, and highways, but at the same time I admit the importance of other branches of Califor-

of other branches of Califor-nia State government. In theory, the schools might have enough money from their ear-marked funds and social welfare might need more, but under exist-ing conditions the State ling conditions the State Highway Commission and the State Division of Highways could build a 10-lane highway connecting every city, town and village of the State while education, social wel-fare, mental institutions and prisons were neglected.

I have maintained the above opinions during the past 10 years that I have rep-resented the 46th Assembly District in the Legislature, but it is not a particular stature. but it is not a partisan view. Senator James P. McBride, California State Senator from Ventura County, agrees with me. In the June, 1960 issue of "Tax Digest," he not only agrees with me but goes even further. Since he is an out-standing Democrat and Chair-man of the Senate Fact Finding Committee on Revenue and Taxation, it is apparent that both Republicans and

Democrats can work together in the California Legislature to protect the people against increased taxes and inflation.

Latest Parkinson's Law In Éffect in California

By JAMES DORAIS

C. Northcote Parkinson, the British professor who gave the world Parkinson's Law on bureaucracy (to the effect that the less work there is to do, the more people will be employed to do it) has probe employed to do 1() has pro-mulgated a second Parkin-son's Law in his recent book, "The Law and the Profits." The new Law concerns gov-ernment spending, and it reads: "Expenditure rises to meet income."

What Professor Parkinson demonstrates in his witty book is that all through his-tory governments have sought tor governments have sought to increase their revenues and as they have succeeded in doing so have quickly found new ways to spend the increase. This process goes on until the unfortunate country goes broke and is overrun by an intruder.

* * * Seldom indeed does a gov-ernment refund a surplus, when it has it, to the taxpayers. Parkinson's second law is

Firmly in effect today in Cal-ifornia. Over the protests of ecenomy-minded legislators, income tax rates were sharply increased last year, and a cigaret tax and other new business taxes were institu-ted. As a result, the state wound up with a surplus of

approximately \$130 million at the end of the fiscal year. But, although various pro-posals have been advanced for tax reduction, including elimination of the sales tax or modifume they have been Southern states that allegedly needs Federal aid for its schools—already had a sur-plus of \$30 million, and increased it to nearly \$51 million. on medicines, they have been firmly repulsed by the State Administration. * * *

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California is not alone, however, in proving the inevitabil-ity of Parkinson's second law. Quite a number of states lick-Quite a number of states lick-ed their money troubles last year by jacking up tax rates or enacting new taxes, and several have rung up impres-sive surpluses as a result. —But in only one state—New York—is there a prospect of a tax rebate. Governments in all the rest of the states are happily casting about for ways to spend away the ax

an the rest of the states are happily casting about for ways to spend away the ex-cess funds. Iowa, for example, has a comfortable surplus of \$63 million. Louisiana, North Car-olina and Colorado sil ava olina and Colorado all suc-ceeded in accumulating sur-pluses this year. Georgia — one of the so-called "poor"

eral tax collections) at the ex-pense of the private sector (by reducing the amount of money individuals have to spend on goods), their sur-pluses will be wiped out even without the workings of Parkinson's Law. The Dishonor Roll

by Jerry Marcus

eral tax collections) at the ex-



Editor, Torrance Herald Due to my sudden move, I have been delayed in writing to tell you how much I ap-preciate the support you gave the Torrance Chamber of Commerce during the year I was honored to have served as precident as president. This was one, of the most

and I shall always treasure my memories of it. Foremost among them will be the many courtesies I received from

you. Thanking you again for making 1959-60 a year I'll never forget and hoping that even though the miles now separate us, we can continue our friendship, I remain, J. H. PAGET.

Law in Action

EDITOR KENNETH A. EDITOR KENNETH A. HORNER, Wilmington, Del., Suburban News-We are not so sure the Sunday afternoon quiet of years ago wasn't the best way to spend the Sab-bath, after all. — H —

Fixed Fixtures

A tenant or a buyer who improves the owner's place may lose the improvements if

Board of Education 'The average husband is concerned about what the government spends and what his wife spends—the differ-ence being that he's not afraid to criticize the govern-ment" - Earl Willer. . . . Editor, Torrance Herald ment." - Earl Wilson. * * * * "American students wait until they graduate before taking over the world. Stu-dents in other countries are

demanding it in their fresh-man year."-Bill Vaughan. "To make government 'our

brother's keeper' is to make it eventually everybody's jailer." — Edward W. Greenfield. "If a growing object is both fresh and spoiled at the same time, the chances are it is a child."

-Morris Goldfischer

and Quote

"Three-fourths of the earth's

"Three-fourths of the earth's surface is water and one-fourth is land. It's clear the Good Lord intended a man should spend three times as much time fishing as he does mowing the lawn." — Wayne Goble.

consent of a mortgager who loaned money or someone who had a lien on the place; for the lender might well have made the loan thinking the fixture belonged to the place. Anyhow, a court must approve the removal.

* * * Why not contract before you make improvements to have the right to remove them, and thus prevent law suits or losses. A good con-tract can make friends instead of hard feelings.

Note: California lawyers offer this column so you may know about our laws. Sig1/ STAR GAZER*** ARIES MAR. Your Daily Activity Guide According to the Stars. SEPT. 23 * D20-25-33 41-56-61 read words correspon of your Zodiac birth : 1 Don't 31 Go 2 Today 32 Drastic 19-21-38-50 sign SCORPIO 30-39-42-4 60-78-81-8 4-18-24-29 4-55-66 SAGITTARIUS NOV. 23 DEC. 22 37 Iron 38 Who 39 Attractif 40 Of 41 Will 42 And 43 With 44 Is 45 Concern 46 Sizzling 47 Seem 48 Slowly 49 Appealin 50 Con 51 Whot JUNE : 6-32-35-47 3-58-74 CANCER CANCER CANCER CANCER JUNE 2 CAPRI DEC. 23 Dppor an Good Come Co ee a 3- 5- 8-23 80 Inquisi 81 Sex 82 People 83 Cause 14 Or 5 Financial Today Intoler LUS JULY AUG AQUARIUS hose hines hines hines hines hines hines hour ome ome ome our our re 2- 9-11-13 63-73-80-82 PISCES FEB. 20 MAR. 21 31-48-59

EDITOR G. C. CHRIST. MAN, Pennsburgh, Pa., Town and Country — Private indi- viduals are having a difficult time trying to save money because it is being sapped away by taxes. "The strength- and the worder of this nation still rest in the fact that it. can offer unique opportuni- ties to rich and poor alike— that a man can rise as far as his ability and his initiative will carry him. When you kill this incentive, you have also slain the America that our forefathers hoped for, and that millions of men have fought for in the intervening years." — H— EDITOR MYRON P. LOWN, Olean, N. Y., News—One up- state editor said recently, "Now that the political sea- son is under way, one should yote for the man who prom-	In one case, House Buyer Jones claimed that an organ with pipes in the walls be- longed to him. But the court said no: Anyone could easily remove the partitions and the pipes. Unlike a heating sys- tem, the organ was installed to that anyone could see that no one meant to fasten it. m m m This rule about fixtures may be hard on a person who on store. To the Legislature in 1953 passed a law to stop some of the unfairness: Any person who in good faith mistakenly improves an other's property can remove the improvement the pays for any damages he may cause in doing so.
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won't be so disappointed." He would also need the

