DEC. 12, 1955

Something New Was Added

When the Bill of Rights was included in our Constitution, something new was added to concepts of political science. If we look at a dollar bill we find a motto on the Great Seal of the United States: "Novus ordo seclorum." which means "A new order of the ages."

EDITORIALS

It was, indeed, a new order of the ages. It was a courageous thing in those days to proclaim that governments are intended for the benefit of the people. Up to then governments were intended for no such purpose. The establishment of government was to gratify the ambi-tion of an individual who, by accident, force or fraud had become master of the people. In the history of nations, ancient and modern, every government had originated either in fraud or violence, or both.

And then came a small band of revolutionaries in Congress who impudently declared that the purpose of government is to serve and protect the people; that its powers are derived solely through the consent of the governed; that the individual, and not the State, is the source and basis of our social compact. For the first time in history a written constitution was given to a nation. A charter of freedom went ringing across the seas and shook every throne in the Old World.

When Washington's soldiers, with thin hope and fervent prayers, fought the army of a powerful empire, there were those who cherished the symbol of the Liberty Tree. =The Constitution has become our Tree of Liberty. It was fixed into the earth by the hands of those who sought free-Inxed into the earth by the hands of those who sought free-dom. Its roots strike deeply into the lives of all Ameri-cans. Its leaves and limbs shelter the multitudes. It is the articulation of a dream and an ideal. It is a living thing, vibrant and sensitive to the people who created it. And, like a growing tree, it must be protected and nur-tured, or it will wither and die. The warming sunlight for its leaves, the life-giving water for its roots, are the loyalty and unselfish attention of the people whom it protects.

Inspired by the burdened souls of millions, bred of the agony of human suffering, the abiding dream of our Bill of Rights became a reality. This simple idea about the dignity and worth of the individual encircled the earth and swept away the cobwebs of despotism. It was perpet-uated by the faith of man in himself, and his faith in his children

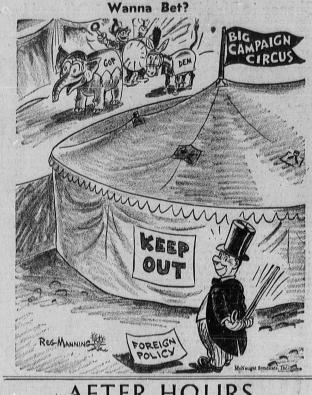
children. Mary Antin, a young immigrant girl who came to us from despotic Russia, sat one day on the steps of the Bos-ton Public Library, and wrote these words: "This is my latest home, and it invites me to a glad new life. The endless ages have indeed throbbed through my blood, but a new rhythm dances in my veins. My spirit is not tied to the monumental past, any more than my feet were bound to my grandfather's house below the hill. The past was only my cradle, and now it cannot hold me, because I am grown too big . . . No! it is not I that belong to the past, but the past that belongs to me. America is the youngest of the nations, and inherits all that went before in history. And I am the youngest of America's children, and into my hands is given all her priceless heritage, to the last white star espied through the telescope, to the last great thought of the philosopher. Mine is the whole majostic past, and mine is the shining iture." the last white star espice infogurates. Mine is the whole great thought of the philosopher. Mine is the whole majostic past, and mine is the shining future." —Wilfrid Dellquest

A Deep Struggle

We tend to think of communism as a menace to our material well-being and to our national security. But the danger goes even farther—as no less an authority than J. Edgar Hoover points out. The head of the FBI says: "Our struggle with communism is more than that of a differing political system. The struggle is esentially religious. Communism attacks all forms of religion that base themsolves on belief in God... Religious people must realize that communism is their great enemy." We tend to think of communism as a menace to our

1 4	Comm	unism d	estroys	and denies every spiritual value.				
No				member				





AFTER HOURS By JOHN MORLEY

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the third of a series of five columns by John Morley, summarizing what he saw on his fourth trip around the world in the past five years. His conclusions on the Near East and Far East will follow in the next two issues.

ents in Europe. $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ There was a tendency until recently for correspondents of European ne ws papers in Washington and New Yorkt o be on the 'leftwing' fringe, and go heavy on reporting the leftwing press in the U. S, or the international, liberal publications, Being citizens of coundries with lower living standards, these reporters con-centrated on leftwing news stories of 'Wall Street-capital-ists and exploiters,'' which made good reading to the folks back home. It was ap-parent to this reporter that for the most part the Europ-ean correspondents here and the American correspondents in Europe had been of the liberal, international wing and the american business man, were hot in good graces of the av-erge European reader. Europe wants America to Mark ins concusions on the Near East and Far East will follow in the next two Issues. Part III ... The State of Europe and U. S. Relations IV's not possible to travel through Europe on one or two trips and draw accurate con-clusions on conditions ... on fearings toward the U. S. ... on fears of Russia or war, etc. unless (the traveler can make comparisons with many previous consecutive trips... This means that unless a per-son has traveled over the same ground year after year, his conclusions are based on su-perficial and limited informa-tion. Americans tra veling abroad for the first time make the mistake of comparing con-ditions there with conditions in Europe over a period of time, Such a comparison of the past 10 years would prove 'conclu-sively that Europe is health-ler, more prosperous, more op-munism, or war... and much more friendly to the United States. There has been a big guf

States. There has been a big gulf between the United States and Europe for some time and it had nothing to do with our tough attitude toward Rus-sia. It is just that we are far better off and Europeans re-sent it. The airlines and ocean liners provide daily remnderss that the American is more prosperous than any other clizen of the world. It is hu-man envy pure and simple, but it's only the beginning. The gulf between Europe

EXCEPTIONS AND CONTRACTS

4. But since September of this year our law makers have allowed young eighteenyear-old husbands, as well as eigh-teenyear-old wives, to make contracts "the same as if they were twenty-one."

CONTRACTS Now, what's all this about legal exceptions? 1. At first you hear, say, that the law won't let minors under 21 make certain con-tracts at all. like buying real estate, and it won't hold youngsters under 18 to other contracts. If 18 or older, they can "disafirm" their contracts merely by handing back the goods, usually with some pay-ment for use, deterioration, or abuse. were twenty-one." 5. Meantime, Mary and John's six-year-old girl, Susie, is a whiz with her fiddle. TV people bid for her. But as a minor could Susie "disaffirm" her contract? And where'd that leave those who put up money to train and build her up? So another exception: A Cal.

to train and build her up? So another exception: A Cal-ifornia Superior Court can ap-prove a contract, in the child performer's interest. No one could afford to employ her under an agreement which would not bind her. And so her talents might go down the drain. The court protects the child in this as well as other ways. Under the law, for ex-sample, it can put as much as half her earnings in trutu until she grows up. One good thing. Since hu-

set board and room without binding contracts? So an exception: Such a minor may make binding con-tracts for necessities, for which he will be required to as the reasonable value. . After graduation, John got a job and met Mary, a bit younger than he. When she vans eighteen, they married. Upon marriage, both became "emancipated" from their folks: They were on their own. Young as she was, Mary-but but and sell property, make binding contracts like older men and women. An adult, One good thing. Since hu-man law makers can not fore-see every thing, it is well that our laws leave room for excep-tional cases.

Note: The State Bar of California offers this cilumn for you to know more about our laws.

and the U. S. was increased by bad reporting from Europ-ean correspondents in Wash-ington and New York, and by some An erican correspond-ents in Europe. nize, too, that our ten-year investment of \$50,000,000,000 has put them back on their fret, for Europe is more pros-perous in 1955 than at any time in modern history, A * t

<text> By BARNE: Grandfather Bill O'Connor delights in telling me how nineycar-old Linda was help-ing him in the kitchen. After Linda ha d carelessly spilled three bowls of soup her ex-asperated grandfather snap-ped: "Linda, just how dumb can you be?" Linda opened her eyes wide a nd gasped: "But grandpop you should be ashamed of yourself. Yo u should be very proud of me." "And why should 1 be proud of you?" demanded Mr. O'-Connor. "Because." replied Linda quite seriously. "mom-ma says I take after you." ma says I take after you." To this very day, whenever Jackie Cooper and Jackie Coo-gan are mentioned. I have to stop and figure out which is which. You too?...Th one to admit that money talks but must it always say good-bye?...Conversation by tween t two teenage dolls. "Where yah goin" no w?" U.CLA." "Fine fine! Whatcha studying?" "Latin". "What kinda Latin?" "Latin men."

* * *

A Swedish diplomat summed up Europes's optimism to me in Stockholm in this way: "Russia has be en definitely stopped. There is a feeling of security for all of us, thanks to U. S. military superiority in atomic weapons. It could be the effect of President Eis-enhower and maybe the Chris-tian optimism has caught on even here in Sweden. Our gov-ernment has used it as a reas-on for ending liquorrationing after 40 years." * * *

TODAY'S BEST BUY!

\$10 will buy a boy a chance to belong to a

Scout troop for 1 year Your Community Chest needs your fair share!

The Freelancer By TOM RISCHE, Herald Staff Writer

This is an apostrophe. It is a flea-sized symbol which can cause trouble far out of proportion to its size. It is one of the most common-ly misused and misplaced symbols in the English lang-

Herald Staff Writer He is not called "John Smith," "The Smitha" Indicate that some-thing belongs to both Smiths and would be technically cor-rect. The most correct thing to put on your nail box would be the "The Smiths." This in-dicates that two or more Smiths live in one house. If you are renting your home, this is the only correct form, since "The Smiths." would in. dicate that you owned your house (or at least the mail-box). uage. I was driving down the street the other day and no-ticed that somebody had painted a big sign. "The Smith's" on the garage door, down dor: "Somebody ought to tell that guy that he has apostro-phetits." I thought. Glancing at some of the names on mailboxes. I noticed that about 90 per cent of the people who put their names out don't use the aportrophe correctly.

There are several good reas-ons for not using "The Smith" ons for not using "The Smith" Smith's" on your mailbox. If you are inclined to put it there. These are: 1. It is incorrect usage, ac-cording to the rules of En-glish. 2. It takes more paint. If

I saw "The Johnson's." "The Miller's. "The Grabowitski's." and plenty of other similar signs. In fact, I even noticed a misuse of the apostrophe on a large billboard advertising "The Jones Brother's Hat Shon."

By BARNEY GLAZER

a large billboard advertising The Jones Brother's Hat Shop." Probably none of these sign painters realized that they have apostrophetic. I was tempted to hang a sign reading. "Which Smith's What?" under the big sign which reads. "The Smith's". Since my business is work-fing with words." apostro-phes. commas, periods, and the like — I have to keep up with what the well-bred apostrophe is doing these days. No self-respecting apost to a misusage 11ke "The Smith's". The fact is, however, that hearly everybody uses the apostrophe wrong. Either a campaign to change the En-glut apostrophetis should be started at once. Strictly speaking. "The Smith's" indicates that some-ting the second source of the source of the Smith's indicates that some-ting the second source of the sou

"The Jone's." There are many other rules for other uses of the apostro-phe, but this is concerned mainly with mallboxes. At this point, if you are thoroughly confused, you may have concluded that it would be easier to put either "Mr. and Mrs. John Smith" or nothing at all on your mallbox. That's one why to stamp out apostropheitis.

Glazed Glances

By REID BUNDY

By READ BOARD Did you know there are about 215 miles of streets in Torrance? The miles of new streets in the past five years, according to City Engineer Ronald Bish-op. An Indication of growth in the area can be determined from the annual missing co-ports compiled by the engin-cer's department over at the City Hall. It goes like this: 1050

1950 1951

2. It takes more paint, if it is painted on.

It is painted on. 3. It requires an extra character, if you buy the let-ters. Your name may not be Smith. You would be correct in putting "The Johnsons." "The Millers." "The Grahowit skis," depending on what your particular name happens to be.

1955 7? ? Bishop says the 1955 figure should just about equal the 1954 total—or almost 25 miles of new streets for the street sweepers to clean each week. There are 25 miles of alleys in this town, teo, in case you are an alley cat.

Irene, one of our favorita waitresses, tries her best to sell you a couple of pieces of pie cach Saturday when you drop in for lunch or coffee, "We're closed tomorrow," she insists. * * * If your name is something like "Evans" or "Jones" your problem is nearly the same. You should put "The Evans" or "The Jonesse" on your mailbox, not. "The Evan's" or "The Jone's."

TODAY'S BEST BUY!

A * *

The

SQUIRREL

CAGE

D

... 11.8

\$5.63 will buy one clinic visit for a child.

Your Community Chest needs your fair share!

TOFTANCE HERALD ESTABLISHED JAN. 1, 1914 Ublished Semi-Weekly at Torrance, California, Thursday and Mondy. Entered as second class matter Jan. 20, 1914, at Post Office, Torrance, California, under act of March 3,

Calif 1879. 1619 Gramercy Ave. FA 8-4000

KING WILLIAMS, Publisher GLENN W. PFEIL, General Mgr. REID L. BUNDY, Managing Editor

Adjudicated a legal Newspaper by Superior Court, Los Angeles County. Adjudicated Decree No. 218470, March 23, 1927.

MEMBER CALIFORNIA NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION MEMBER NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION

NATIONAL EDITORIAL

A local citizen was working in the office books at home late one night last week. His only company was a blaring radio. Suddenly, the front chimes sounded. Puzzled by this late visit, he opened the door and was confronted by the local police. Would he be kind, enough to muffle his ra-dio, he was asked. Obviously disturbed, he grumbled that we would and then he mutter-ed a few unmentionables un-der his breach about unfriend-yond earshot. What our an-open the distribution of the would and then he mutter-ed a few unmentionables un-point of the source of course that the would and then he mutter-ed a few unmentionables un-point of the source of the he would and then he mutter-ed a few unmentionables un-shown with had been heeging the radio hushing. When the ball picte had departed, show. Triend of this department was laid on in the hospital researchily. One day, he receiv play have like like and when the solid pi in the hospital researchily. One day, he receiv da "Get Well Card" from his play have like like and when the solid ping he high song the song that ping her head hospital researchily. One day, he receiv play that figures. Keid Subscription Rates: By Carrier, 30c a Month. Mail Subscriptions \$3.60 per year, Circulation office FAir-fax 8.4004.

