navourating the Torrance Plan

NATIONAL PAINT

FRIDAY and

of on A, ril 29 from 1:30 to o'Clock.

program appropriate for occasion has been arranged follows:

te to the Flag to the Flag

oblic Schools Sek Is Planned Brance High School P.T.A. Of Representatives of the United of the Un Students To Be

Calculations made by chemists udying atom smashing showed at one kilogram (2.2 pounds) matter, if converted, entirely to energy, would be equal in over to all the electric power enerated in the United States



EL PRADO RNITHRE CO

-1306 SARTORI AVE. -1220 EL PRADO

J. E. Dunaway **Candidate For JC** Trustee



Council, Lodges of Odd Fellows and Rebekahs and the Hawthorne Welfare Center.

He is past president of the Hawthorne Rotary club, Chamber of Commerce and Coordinating Council. He served three years on the Centinela Valley Union High School Board and was branch chairman of the Red Cross for several years. Past Noble Grand of the Odd Fellows of Hawthorne and has taken an active part in the Boy Scouts for the past 25 years, and was chairman of the Fifth War Loan.

Dunaway is 50 years of age.

One of the earliest recorded uses of stained glass windows occurred when the Bishop of Reims rebuilt the cathedral there in the tenth century.

N ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION

BENDIX automatic Home Laundry Ask About Our Friendly Credit Terms EL PRADO FURNITURE STORE

1306 Sartori and 1220 El Prado Phone Torrance 1067 - Torrance



SUN SUITS

KNIT DIAPERS. \$100

Long Play Pants \$100

Carriage Nets ... \$100

DIAPER BAGS... \$1.69 VALUES-SIZES 6, 7, 8 HOUSE SHOES...

POLO SHIRTS ...

Where Does The Telephone Strike Stand Today?

Because you, as a telephone user, have an important stake in the issues, we'd like to give some straight answers to questions you may have about the strike situation up to date.

The strike is the issues, we'd like to give some straight answers to questions you may have about the strike situation up to date.

1. Why is there a telephone strike?

The Unions made large demands. We could not agree to these demands but offered to extend contracts while bargaining continued. But the Unions refused. We then offered to arbitrate the basic issue, wages. The Unions again refused and went out on strike.

2. What are the Unions demanding?

They are demanding scores of changes in contracts which would, if granted, amount to an increase of more than \$100,000,000 a year in the cost of telephone service.

It would make our payroll alone larger than all the money we took in last year.

3. What do these demands mean to

e Union demands equal \$45 per year added to ch telephone bill . . a 40 per cent increase in telephone rates.

4. How well are telephone employees 8. When will the strike be over?

Studies show telephone wages are in line with those paid for other jobs on the coast requiring similar still and training . . . telephone wage rates now average S8 per cent above the 1941 level. Here are typical examples:

Operators: Even a girl right out of school starts at a basic rate of \$30 a week while learning—in small towns, \$28 to \$29. Actual earnings are higher due to overtime and premium pay. There are frequent pay raises, too. At the end of the first year, the new operator can be earning over \$1900 a year.

GGT7
Among other extra advantages are paid vacations up to three weeks, depending on length of service...holidays with pay...sickness and death benefits...pensions...good working conditions.

And telephone work is steady work . . . the kind a person can count on.

6. Why can't the Company agree to Union demands?
Wages and other costs of service are paid by the people who use the telephone. We can't give blanket agreement to the Unions' huge demands because we cannot justify them to our customers who pay the bill.

7. How has the Company tried to end the strike?
We wanted to extend the liberal working contracts while bargaining continued. But the Unions refused.

We repeatedly offered to submit the wage questions . . . the basic issue . . . to arbitration. But the Unions continue to refuse.

We have offered the Unions a practical plan to settle the strike . . . a plan that is fair equally to our employees, investors and customers.

Meanwhile we will continue to do our best to handle your calls.

They have been joined by many others who put the public interest first. We appreciate this loyalty.

We wish to thank the public for their helpful co-operation during this troublesome period.

The public interest must come first.

The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company

