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Many Closing World Fair Exhibits Manufacturers' Prices Advance 10% to 40%, But Star Furniture Company Maintaining Low Prices Due to Heavy Purchases Made Previous to Advances

Despite the fact that factory prices on furniture of all kinds have advanced during the past few weeks from 10 to 40 per cent, the Star Furniture Company, 1273 Sartori avenue, is continuing to maintain the same low prices as formerly, it was announced this week by H. M. Abramson, store manager.

Furniture Factories All Sold Out;

... Advances ... Advances ... antipute ... and the past few weeks fro ... antiling to maintain the same low price ... antiling to company low and Tiffany-Tone radios." ... antipute low antipute low and the same prices as have maintained the same same prices as have maintained the same prices as have maintain inue to sell furniture at the same ow prices as have maintained luring the past year is due to the orealisht of J. G. Koch, proprietor of the Star Furniture Company, who purchased many thousands of dollars worth of furniture bayes fore the recent price advances went into effect." stated Mrbramson, "and naturally we are icad to share our good fortune with our customers." "These substantial savings of-eried by the Star Furniture Com-any also apply to radios, the actory prices of which have risen ubstantially during the past few of offer yra thrative prices and so offer very attractive prices and we are in a position

furniture, 500 bedro ituted his room r very attractive prices and on Philco, Majestic, El-Rey

> "With the demand rapidly catch g up with available supplies, i p with available supplies, it nly behooves anyone con-ating the purchase of furni-to do so at once, especially the present record-low prices still offered," stated Mr.

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WATER REPORT (Continued from Page 1-A)

returns. The prices are those that would prevail today. The item of digging is based on hard 'labor because to replace the present mains in their present location would preclude the use of machine trenches and backfillers. Resurfacing broken pavements is based on the fact that about one-eighth of the lengths of the present pipe lines would require pavement cutting. It is estimated the cutting and replacing the local pavement would cost 32 cents per foot cut. So the average cost on all pipe would be 4 cents per foot for all, lengths. The price table is as follows:

All Prices Per Lineal Foot of Pipe Laid In Line					
Pipe Size	Cost Delivered	Hand Dig & Backfill	Laying & Caulking	Resurfac; ing	Total Cost Com. Line
4"	\$0.40	\$0.20	3.0c	4.0c	\$0.67
6"	0.60	0.22	3.0c	400	0.89
8"	0.89	0.25	5.0c	4.00	1.23
10"	1.20	0.33	11.0c	4.00	1.68
12"	1.53	0.42	12.0c	4.0c	2.12
16"	2.33	0.56	18.0c	4.0c	3.11

To 2.53 0.00 10.00 4.00 5.11 At the present behavior of all major commodity markets, it is impossible to say how long these prices will hold. In considering the value of amall galvanized pipe and riveted steep pipe, we are governed by the probable future use for these lines. There is no possible excuse for the placing of such pipes in any City water distribution system. It is only an admission that the water company is unable to raise the money to install proper pipe. It is not customary in business to give a business concern full business credit for the various unccommical subterfuges that poverty may force them into. So the credit for these pipe lines will be only what it is worth to use them until they can be re-placed. In so far ag the 2-inch galvanized and smaller pipes are concerned, we allow two years further use to give time to replace that. This is shown on the valuation sheets on the basis of two (2) years future use. The rivted steel frigation lines are so old that they are about all depreciated out and are of little future value. The City, however, can probably use them to advantage to sarve irrigation water for two (2) years, and they are given a two yas, or 10% value based on this assumption. The next important item after the pipe, is meters. Their comany. Services: For the value of services, we are using the costs

Company. Services: For the value of services, we are using the costs set out by the Water Company in the 1930 report by Burns, Mo-Donald & Smith, as that is just a little less than our Beverly Hills costs.

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Very respectfully submitted SALISBURY, BRADSHAW & TAYLOR, By CHAS. BRADSHAW.

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REVOLVER STOLEN Mrs. Cora Parrott, residing ravens avenue at the rear of onderahe building, reported

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FOR RENT: 4 acres with 4-room house, partly furn chicken equipment r from the been living s Police return Torrance and Red Hansen, 2063 Carson St. Telephone 570.

Editorial Comment

"Telephone Petition Racket"

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1933

"I elephone l'etition Kacket" Apparently Torrance has been picked as the next yic-tim of the "Telephone Petition Racket,"—which is a scheme to collect dimes from innocent telephone sub-scribers on the pretext that lower rates for telephone serv-ice is being sought from the state railroad commission. The racket has been worked in other Southern California cities and a communication read at last Thursday's city council meeting from the so-called Citizens' Rate Reduc-tion League indicates that it is to be tried in Torrance. The scheme works something like this:—A solicitor calls on telephone subscribers and asks if they want their telephone rate reduced, and if so, to please sign the peti-tion and pay a dime or 'more for each signature. The solicitor, however, gets five to seven cents of the dime and the balance goes to the "big boss" who thought up the idea. The petition may or may not be filed with the state railroad commission, which is the body that sets tele-phone rates.

the idea. The petition may or may not be filed with the state railroad commission, which is the body that sets telephone rates. It should be remembered that telephone rates are determined by earnings and profits on invested capital, and not by the number of names on a petition. If you feel that you are entitled to a lower telephone rate, a penny postal card to the state railroad commission will get as much attention as a petition signed by thousands. In fact, the Herald is inclined to believe that officials of the railroad commission would pay more attention to a bona fide complaint from an individual subscriber than they would to a petition, the signatures to which were secured at a dime a piece. Furthermore, a hearing on telephone rates in Torrance and elsewidere in Southern California is already being conducted by the state railroad commission, and if any adjustments are made, you will get the benefit whether you sign the petition or not. Save your dimes.

CHARLIE COLDEN MAKES GOOD

Honorable Charles J. Colden, first representative to go to Washington from the newly created 17th congressional district, of which Torrance is a part, this week faced the crucial-test of his career as a congressman when he came home to his constituents. However, if Congressman Colden had any doubts as to whether the folks back home had approved or disapproved of his stewardship, he knows now full well that the entire electorate, Democrats and Repub-licans alike, are solidly behind him and approve of his unstinting support of President Roosevelt's recovery pro-gram.

licans alike, are solidly behind him and approve of his unstituting support of President Roosevelt's recovery pro-gram. The welcome-home banquet tendered Congressman Colden last evening at Gardena and attended by citizens throughout the entire congressional district, was eloquent testimony of the high esteem in which our new congress-man is held by Démocrats and Republicans alike. Partisan-ship was thrown aside in this whole-hearted tribute to a man who saw his clear duty and had the courage to do what his conscience dictated. The record shows that Con-gressman Colden supported President Roosevelt on every issue in his recovery program. Knowing Charlie Colden as we do, and his courageous individualism, we know it took onsiderable self-control to submerge his personal ideas on many of the issues and throw his support to the Presid-dent's program without comment or reserve. But we ad-mire him for doing so. Under the emergency, only a lesser man would have done otherwise. Congressman Coldén brought home some notable laurels for a first termer, who rarely are given committee assignments. However, Mr. Colden was given a position on the important rivers and harbors committee, where he will be able to render invaluable assistance to our own harbor's development. And in addition, he was also put on two other less important committees, where he will have an opportunity of receiving a chairmanship,—a most un-usual honor for a new member.

WATER BONDS ONLY HOPE OF AID

It looks as though the only possibility Torrance has of receiving any portion of the \$3,300,000,000 public works fund is through federal financing of its municipal water

bonds. While the government will finance municipal projects 100 per cent, and will allow outright grants up to 30 per cent, bonds must be voted or other guarantees given for the repayment of the remaining 70 per cent. It is doubt-ful if property owners on Cabrillo avenue or other high-ways proposed to be improved by federal funds will be willing to obligate themselves for the repayment of even 70 per cent of the cost of such improvements.





TORRANCE HERALD, Torrance, California

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