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The World's Wheat Champion He Was Once Green City Man

THE wheat championship of the world, as symbolized in the awards of the international hay and grain ▲ in the awards of the international hay and grain show at Chicago, has gone to Canada for the thirteenth time in the fourteen years the Dominion has been exhibiting. The individual farmer to bring this supreme honor to Canada for the crop of 1924 is J. C. Mitchell, this achievement marking the third occasion of his wingless the world's wheat charming in a well as out. ning the world's wheat championship, as well as culminating a career which has been featured by the securing of a host of other agricultural awards. Mitchell resides at Dahinda, in southeastern Saskatchewan, where he farms 800 acres of land, of which he owns 480 acres and leases 320 acres.

There are many interesting features of this supreme agricultural award. One is that he arrived in western Canada raw and inexperienced, with the apparent disability of competition with farmers of tradition, and learned the first elements of agriculture there. Now, as once more the wheat championship of the world goes to a green city man, it is essentially the triumph of the zealous immigrant.

Mitchell was born and spent his youth in the town of Mossley, in the Lancashire district of England, where his father was mayor for some time. His family was his father was mayor for some time. His family was engaged in the wholesale and retail coal business, and this was Mitchell's training for a future agricultural career. After long and mature thought he decided that he was not making the progress his ambition demanded, and he could not see its fulfillment in England. This turned his thoughts toward Canada and a farming career. He had just been married and his wife was that type of helpmeet which insists on taking its share of early burdens. Against his wish, she sailed for Canada with him.

with him.

Files Homestead Claim

That was twenty years ago. He filed upon a government homestead, which formed the nucleus of his farming establishment, and which at that time was 60 miles from the nearest railroad. He had a minimum of capital in both money and experience, and some of his early mistakes were lamentable and ludicrous, though natural. What he has accomplished there today has been evolved from the simplest of beginnings and in the face of great difficulties. The first shack he built with his own hands was, in his own words, a grotesque affair, but it was the first real home. The first breaking consisted of a few acres, and for the want of adequate machinery the land was hand sown.

But Mitchell and his wife were of the right immigrant type. They set out with the determination to succeed. Mitchell's aim from the very first was for the highest and best in all things, and his wife has been in all respects the most admirable of partners. This team work has produced on his piece of Saskatchewan land not only wheat and other cereals which have made the Mitchell name widely known, but hogs, dairy cattle and other farm products. Mitchell's methods of farming have been those which, followed to an increasing extent each year in western Canada, are stabilizing and bring greater profits to the farming industry. His motto has been to make the farm keep the household; to produce a little more pork, cream, butter and other products than needed, and to meet only farming expenses from the wheat bin.

Multiplies Holdings

Apart from his many awards in international com-

wheat bin.

Multiplies Holdings

Apart from his many awards in international competitions, he is successful in all branches of mixed farming. His original homestead has multiplied several times in extent, and he conservatively estimates his assets over liabilities at \$20,000, exclusive of this year's crop return. Not a negligible record for twenty years of real living.

This winter Mitchell is contained.

real living.

This winter Mitchell is spending some months in his native land. He hopes to be able to induce others of his countrymen to follow his example and emulate his career. Before he left he was asked if he believed the same opportunity existed in western Canada for the British immigrant is when he came out twenty years ago, and he replied:

"Much more so. There is a fer better experiment."

and ne replied:

"Much more so. There is a far better opportunity
for the Englishman today. He will not undergo the
trials and tribulations to which I was subjected. The
pioneering has been done and the country made ready
for him."

Beauty-By Thomas Moore

Oh, what a pure and sacred thing Is Beauty, curtained from the sight Of the gross world, illumining One only mansion with her light! Unseen by man's disturbing eye—
The flower that blooms beneath the sea,
Too deep for sunbeams, does not lie
Hid in more chaste obscurity.
A soul, too, more than half divine,

A soul, too, more than half divine,
Where, through some shades of earthly feeling,
Religion's softened glories shine,
Like light through summer foliage stealing,
Shedding a glow of such mild hue,
So warm, and yet so shadowy, too,
As makes the very darkness there
More beautiful than light elsewhere.

Trotsky Has a Pipe Dream Says U. S. Is Militaristic

"IT is not only in Europe that we have been able to observe ever-growing manifestation of militarism. More remarkable, perhaps, than the growth of European militarism is the development of similar tendencies in the United States of America; for there military preparations have reached an extent far beyond the wildest dreams not only of the disorganized Balkanized Europe of today, but even of Europe as it was before the war. So declared Leon Trotsky, Communist leader, in a recent

address.

"I am not going to bore you with figures to show
the economic power of the United States. This is too well known to require repetition. But there are, nevertheless, two sets of figures that are worth mentioning

Motive Power Estimated

"Everyone knows that the number of available mechanical motive power units (automobiles, locomotives, steamships, tractors, etc.) is a very important military Now the total number of such units in the entire world is, roughly estimated, equivalent to 500,000,000 Translated into terms of manpower (one

horsepower. Translated into terms of manpower (one horsepower being equivalent to ten manpower), this means 5,000,000,000 manpower—a force probably five times as great as that represented by the working population of the globe.

"And the United States, whose population makes up only one-sixteenth of humanity, possesses half of the total horsepower of the world, or an equivalent of 2,500,000,000 manpower!

"The proportion is equally striking in the realm+offinance. The total amount of gold in the world amounts to about 18,000,000,000 gold rubles, or \$9,000,000,000. And of that amount \$4,500,000,000, or one-half, rests in the vaults of the Federal Reserve Bank of the United States!

"Thus America has half of the mechanical power which forms the foundation of the capitalist temple, and half the monetary resources which crown it like a golden cupola. And everything in between is also divided between the United States and the rest of the world in the same striking ratio.

Change Follows War

Change Follows War

"I believe I have given enough of an outline of the technical and economic basis of American militarism—which was born later than its European relative, but has outgrown the latter to a tremendous degree. It is only recently that the United States became a militaristic country; a radical change took place there after the World War.

World War.

"When, about the end of the war, the United States spined the Allies the combination succeeded in pounding Germany to pieces. England, however, whose main obstacle to world domination was the United States, was not entirely satisfied with the outcome of the struggle. What England wanted was a defeated and weakened but not a crushed Germany—a vanquished enemy, but one that could still remain a menace to one of the victors, France. But America wanted a France powerful enough to rival England in military strength. "America attained her aim. But despite this factor perhaps because of it—we can see today a pandemonium of militarism broke loose in North America. "The American navy has grown to be almost equal

"The American navy has grown to be almost equal to that of Great Britain. In the fields of aviation and war chemistry the United States occupies first place

"At the same time American capital is still able, thanks to its geographic situation and historic development, to use the mask of pacifism. Even its aggressive intervention in European affairs is giving food for the pacifist illusion in Europe."

Most Men Are Flatterers Only Few Can Praise Well

"MORE men know how to flatter," said Wendell Phillips, "than how to praise."

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To flatter is easy, to condemn is easy, but to praise judiciously and discriminatingly is not easy.

"Extravagant praise defeats itself, as does extravagant blame," John Burroughs opines.

"A man is rarely overpraised during his own time by his own people.

"If he is an original, forceful character, he is much more likely to be overblamed than overpraised. He disturbs old ways and institutions.

"We require an exalted point of view to take in a great character, as we do to take in a great mountain."

We are likely to overpraise and overblame our presi-

We are likely to overpriaise and overblame our presidents and our leaders. Lincoln was greatly overblamed in his day, but we have made up to his memory. Wilson won applause from both sides in his first term, but how overwhelmingly did the tide turn against him before the end of his second term.

"A president of the United States must ever be the target of intelligent ridicule and criticism, not to mention a secondary fusillade of bean-shooters, custard pies and asafoteida bombs," observes a contemporary writer.

asafoteida bombs." observes a contemporary writer.

little of the Scottish moderation is not so bad; it 'A wise man will always prefer unjust blame to ful-

A wise man win always present injust blanc to the some praise," Burroughs says. Extremes in the estimation of a sound character are bound sooner or later to correct themselves. Wendell Phillips, who said "More men know how to flatter than how to praise," got more than his share of

during the anti-slavery days, but the praise came

Tacitus, in "Agricola," avowed that flatterers are the

Tacitus, in "Agricola," avowed that flatterers are the worst kind of enemies; and another ancient, Phaedrus, opined that they who delight to be flattered pay for their folly by a late repentance.

Worth repeating here is La Rochefoucauld's timetested observation to the effect that we sometimes think we hate flattery, but we only hate the manner in which it is done.

'Gallantry of mind," he averred, "consists in saying flattering things in an agreeable manner.

FFAIRS of the HEART

By Mrs. Thompson --

WANTS HIM BACK
Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am very
such in trouble and I hope you
still console me. I am married
nd I have been separated from
sy husband for some time. Since
have been separated the has been
ving with another woman. I have
pplied for a divorce, but since
hat time have realized I realigate
when the have been such to the
work man to the service of the service
work work.

WORRIED.
Perhaps a lawyer could bring

lim to come back to the:

Perhaps a lawyer could bring
about a reconciliation. My advice
is to see what can be done in that
way. If you made any attempt
you might say something which
would prejudice your husband so
that you would not gain your end.
Very often an attorney is able to
bring a man and woman together
after they have parted.

BROWN-EYED SALLY: In your ase it would be all right to visit our fiance's home.

HE IS NOT PREE Dear Mr. Thompson: For several months I have been going with a young man one year my senior and although I dight't know much about him I trusted him and now find that I love him. Not long ago he asked me to marry him and I consented. But then he told me the most horrible thing. I wonder that I can know it and care for him so much and still carry on this plain, every day life. He is married. It seems it was not his fault. They lived at his home for only a short while for he didn't care for her and they sloon separated. She returned to her own home. Then, he met me and he says he will never give me up for he loves me. We have been worried about it for he is almost as ignorant of the important things of life as I and we only know we love each other dearly and wish to marry. He tells me he has been considering a divorce for some time and now that he loves me is determined to get it. But I am sure that if my parents knew he had been married before they would send me away. They do not know I care for him but think he is just another friend. He says that for financial reasons he cannot start his divorce until March. Would it be wrong for me to continue seeing him and going about with him until that time? And is it wrong for me to continue seeing him and going about with him until that time? And is it wrong for me to write to him? Would it be committing a very great sin not to tell my parents all? He asked me not to go with anyone else. Was that right? Can I consider mysself engaged to him? RUTH ANNA. It is not right for you to see another woman's husband, and he is the other woman's husband in spite of the fact that he no longer loves her but loves you. Rell him that if he loves you he will protect your soil, and might for him to ask you not to a mistake. Your parents would understand better than you think they would. They might offer o

WOULD HE BE CRUEL?

WOULD HE BE CRUEL?
Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am enged to a young man six years y senior. We are to be married is spring. My parents like this sung man very much but do not ant me to marry him as they say 'e would be very cruel after we or married. Mother says he has set that disposition. He knows this but assures me they are all rong. He says he could never a cruel as they say. But my tents still keep telling me not to arry him. Please advise me as set you can't TROUBLED SUE. You have not given the reason hy your parents think the young an would be cruel. If he shows gns now and you can see that our parents have reason for feeling as they do, you ought to give im up. An unmarried girl is aptostant of a man until after she is harded to him, and then she cands her time in tears and feelings sorry for herself because she annot make her husband good to er atthough she tries with all her high. A person's nature remains retty much the same. After marage when one or the other is shappy it is usually the result of lindness before marriage. Be very ure that you want to place your appiness of *the rest of your life in the young man's hands before our marry him. ppiness of the rest of your li-the young man's hands before u marry him.

If we humans would only cultitate the faculty of appreciating
te good things that we have, so
any heartaches and disappointents would be averted. It is easy
of a mean hopefully of the futare, believing that riches, Prince
harming and all the good things
'life will come then; but not so
say to glorify the present. Prince
harming often comes incognito.

HER FICKLENESS TO BLAME Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am a girl of nineteen. I was going with a nice young man a few years my senior. He gradually became more serious and finally hinted toward marriage. I had never had any thoughts of marriage, and just went with him for a good time. I

thought that was all there was in this world—good times and no need of ever getting serious. When he began to show his likings for me I started discouraging him by slighting, him and going with other fellows. The result was he gave up and finally quit coming to see me. I was glad at first as I didn't want to be tied down to any fellow and just wanted good times. After a while I began to realize I carefor him and now I want him back, but he is going with other girls. I believe he still likes me. What can I do to win or get him back; Diease tell me.

A LONESOME GIRL.

You were a very fickle, selfisherin, my dear, and needed to be brought to time with a good lesson and heartache. Any girl who goes with one man after another merely for a good time, not stopping to think that the young men after another merely for a good time, not stopping to think that the young men after show how will not get the most out of it. Consider the man's feelings on the turned down by you. Always the young men after another merely for a good time, not stopping to think that the young men and the properties of the properties of the properties. The your deep love, deserves to suffer her. self. Take your lesson. You have learned a valuable deep love, deserves to suffer her. self. Take your lesson. You have learned to show the same and lost. Don't have your game and lost.

will hold a card party at Moos nall Feb. 17. Tickets 50c. Honor and refreshments. Open to the

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